## Listing of the Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A magnetic resonance imaging system (1) comprising
  - an acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals for a central portion of k-space using a first resonance frequency and for acquiring second magnetic resonance signals for a peripheral portion of k-space using a second resonance frequency,
  - a data module (3)-for combining first k-space data corresponding to the first
    magnetic resonance signals and second k-space data corresponding to the second
    magnetic resonance signals to form a full k-space and
  - an image module (3)-for generating an image by transformation of k-space to image space.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claime 1, wherein the data module (3)-for combining first and second k-space data are adapted to substitute the first k-space data for part of the second k-space data to form a full k-space.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the data module (3)-for combining first and second k-space data are adapted to add the first k-space data to the second k-space data to form a full k-space.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from protons.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 4, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from protons in another substance than H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from non-proton nuclei.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 6, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from hyperpolarized non-proton nuclei.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring first magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from electron spins.
- (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring second magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from protons.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The system as claimed in claim 9, wherein the acquisition module (2)-for acquiring second magnetic resonance signals are adapted to acquire signals from protons in H<sub>2</sub>O.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A magnetic resonance imaging method, the method comprising the steps of
  - acquiring (9)-first magnetic resonance signals for a central portion of k-space using
    a first resonance frequency,
  - acquiring (10)-second magnetic resonance signals for a peripheral portion of kspace using a second resonance frequency.
  - combining (12)-first k-space data (16, 19, 23) corresponding to the first magnetic resonance signals and second k-space data (15, 18, 22) corresponding to the second magnetic resonance signals to form a full k-space (17, 21, 24) and
  - generating (13)-an image by transformation of k-space to image space.

## 12. (Currently Amended) A computer program comprising

- computer instructions to acquire first magnetic resonance signals for a central portion of k-space using a first resonance frequency,
- computer instructions to acquire second magnetic resonance signals for a peripheral portion of k-space using a second resonance frequency.
- computer instructions to combine first k-space data (17, 19, 23) corresponding to
  the first magnetic resonance signals and second k-space data (15, 18, 22)
   corresponding to the second magnetic resonance signals to form a full k-space (17,
  21, 24) and
- computer instructions to generate an image by transformation of k-space to image space,
  - when the computer program is executed in a computer.